



## Oregon Surgical Technologist Law Summary

### CHAPTER 373

#### Definitions

(1) "Health care facility" means a hospital or an ambulatory surgical center, as those terms are defined in ORS 442.015.

(2) "Rural or medically underserved community" means a geographic area of this state that is 10 or more miles from the geographic center of a population center of 40,000 or more individuals.

(3) "Surgical technology" means intraoperative surgical patient care that involves:

(a) Preparing an operating room for surgical procedures by ensuring that surgical equipment is functioning properly and safely;

(b) Preparing an operating room and the sterile field for surgical procedures by preparing sterile supplies, instruments and equipment using sterile techniques;

(c) Anticipating the needs of a surgical team based on knowledge of human anatomy and pathophysiology and how those fields relate to the surgical patient and the patient's surgical procedure; and

(d) Performing tasks as directed in an operating room, including:

(A) Passing instruments, equipment or supplies;

(B) Sponging or suctioning of an operative site;

(C) Preparing and cutting suture material;

(D) Transferring fluids or drugs;

(E) Handling specimens;

(F) Holding retractors and other equipment;

(G) Applying electrocautery to clamps on bleeders;

(H) Connecting drains to suction apparatus;

(I) Applying dressings to closed wounds; and

(J) Assisting in counting supplies and instruments, including sponges and needles.

## Qualifications to Practice

**SECTION 2.** (1) *A health care facility may not allow a person to practice surgical technology at the health care facility unless the person:*

**(a) Education and Certification**

(A) Provides the health care facility with documentation showing that the person has completed an educational program for surgical technologists accredited by a national accreditation organization approved by the Oregon Health Authority by rule; and

(B) Holds and maintains a surgical technologist certification issued by a nationally accredited certifying organization for surgical technologists approved by the authority by rule;

**(b) Completed US Military Surgical Technologist Training Program**

(A) Provides the health care facility with documentation showing that the person has completed a training program for surgical technologists in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps or Coast Guard of the United States or in the United States Public Health Service Commissioned Corps; and

(B) Every two years completes 16 hours of continuing education approved by the authority; or

**(c) Grandfathering**

(A) Provides the health care facility with documentation showing that the person practiced surgical technology during at least two of the three years immediately preceding January 1, 2017:

(i) In a health care facility in Oregon or in another state; or

(ii) As an employee of an agency or institution of the federal government; and

(B) Every two years completes 16 hours of continuing education approved by the authority.

**Grace Period for Recent Graduates**

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a)(B) of this section, a health care facility may allow a person who does not hold a surgical technologist certification to perform surgical technology at the health care facility for 12 months after the person completes an educational program for surgical technologists accredited by a national accreditation organization approved by the authority by rule.

## Rural or Medically Underserved Community Provisions

**SECTION 3.** (1) A health care facility in a rural or medically underserved community may allow a person to practice as a surgical technologist at the health care facility who does not meet the requirements of section 2 of this 2015 Act while the person is attending an educational program for surgical technologists accredited by a national accreditation organization approved by the Oregon Health Authority by rule.

(2) A person described in subsection (1) of this section is exempt from the requirements of section 2 of this 2015 Act for three years from the date on which the person began practicing as a surgical technologist at the health care facility.

## Licensed Health Care Practitioner Provision

**SECTION 4.** Section 2 of this 2015 Act does not apply to a health care facility that allows a licensed health care practitioner to perform the duties of a surgical technologist if the practitioner is acting within the scope of practice of the practitioner's license.

## Oregon Health Authority Rule Adoption Provision

**SECTION 5.** The Oregon Health Authority shall adopt rules necessary to carry out sections 1 to 5 of this 2015 Act, including but not limited to penalties for violation of sections 1 to 5 of this 2015 Act or rules adopted under sections 1 to 5 of this 2015 Act.

## Partial Delayed Enactment for Rural or Medically Underserved Communities

**SECTION 6.** (1) During the period beginning on July 1, 2016, and ending on July 1, 2017, sections 1 and 2 of this 2015 Act do not apply to a rural or medically underserved community.

(2) As used in this section, "rural or medically underserved community" means a geographic area of this state that is 10 or more miles from the geographic center of a population center of 40,000 or more individuals.

## Effective Dates

**SECTION 7.** (1) Sections 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6 of this 2015 Act become operative on July 1, 2016.

(2) Section 3 of this 2015 Act becomes operative on July 1, 2017.

(3) The Oregon Health Authority may take any action before the operative dates specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section that is necessary to enable the authority to exercise, on and after the operative dates specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the authority by sections 1 to 6 of this 2015 Act.

**SECTION 8.** This 2015 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2015 Act takes effect on its passage.